



ALPHA & OMEGA
SEMICONDUCTOR

AON7524

30V N-Channel AlphaMOS

General Description

- Latest Trench Power AlphaMOS (α MOS LV) technology
- Very Low $R_{DS(ON)}$ at 2.5V V_{GS}
- Low Gate Charge
- ESD protection
- RoHS and Halogen-Free Compliant

Application

- DC/DC Converters

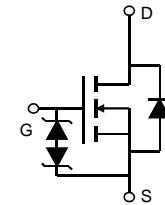
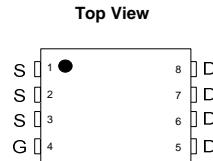
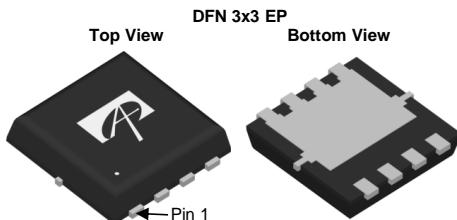
Product Summary

| | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| V_{DS} | 30V |
| I_D (at $V_{GS}=10V$) | 28A |
| $R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$) | < 3.3m Ω |
| $R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=4.5V$) | < 4m Ω |
| $R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=2.5V$) | < 5.8m Ω |

Typical ESD protection

HBM Class 3B

100% UIS Tested
100% R_g Tested



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

| Parameter | Symbol | Maximum | Units |
|---|----------------|------------|-------|
| Drain-Source Voltage | V_{DS} | 30 | V |
| Gate-Source Voltage | V_{GS} | ± 12 | V |
| Continuous Drain Current ^G | I_D | 28 | A |
| $T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$ | | 22 | |
| Pulsed Drain Current ^C | I_{DM} | 112 | |
| Continuous Drain Current | I_{DSM} | 25 | A |
| $T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$ | | 20 | |
| Avalanche Current ^C | I_{AS} | 28 | A |
| Avalanche energy $L=0.05\text{mH}$ ^C | E_{AS} | 20 | mJ |
| V_{DS} Spike | V_{SPIKE} | 36 | V |
| Power Dissipation ^B | P_D | 32 | W |
| $T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$ | | 12.8 | |
| Power Dissipation ^A | P_{DSM} | 3.1 | W |
| $T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$ | | 2 | |
| Junction and Storage Temperature Range | T_J, T_{STG} | -55 to 150 | °C |

Thermal Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Typ | Max | Units |
|---|-----------------|-----|-----|-------|
| Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A | $R_{\theta JA}$ | 30 | 40 | °C/W |
| Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^{AB} | | 60 | 75 | °C/W |
| Maximum Junction-to-Case | $R_{\theta JC}$ | 3.1 | 3.9 | °C/W |

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|-----|------|---------|------------------|
| STATIC PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| BV_{DSS} | Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage | $\text{ID}=250\mu\text{A}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$ | 30 | | | V |
| I_{DSS} | Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current | $\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=30\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$ | | | 1 | μA |
| I_{GSS} | Gate-Body leakage current | $\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}}=\pm10\text{V}$ | | | ±10 | μA |
| $\text{V}_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$ | Gate Threshold Voltage | $\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=\text{V}_{\text{GS}}, \text{I}_{\text{D}}=250\mu\text{A}$ | 0.4 | 0.8 | 1.2 | V |
| $\text{R}_{\text{DS}(\text{ON})}$ | Static Drain-Source On-Resistance | $\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, \text{I}_{\text{D}}=20\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$ | | 2.6 | 3.3 | $\text{m}\Omega$ |
| | | $\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=4.5\text{V}, \text{I}_{\text{D}}=18\text{A}$ | | 3.6 | 4.5 | $\text{m}\Omega$ |
| | | $\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=2.5\text{V}, \text{I}_{\text{D}}=16\text{A}$ | | 4.4 | 5.8 | $\text{m}\Omega$ |
| g_{FS} | Forward Transconductance | $\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=5\text{V}, \text{I}_{\text{D}}=20\text{A}$ | | 103 | | S |
| V_{SD} | Diode Forward Voltage | $\text{I}_{\text{S}}=1\text{A}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$ | | 0.62 | 1 | V |
| I_{S} | Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current ^G | | | | 28 | A |
| DYNAMIC PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| C_{iss} | Input Capacitance | $\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{DS}}=15\text{V}, \text{f}=1\text{MHz}$ | | 2250 | | pF |
| C_{oss} | Output Capacitance | | | 800 | | pF |
| C_{rss} | Reverse Transfer Capacitance | | | 65 | | pF |
| R_g | Gate resistance | $\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}, \text{f}=1\text{MHz}$ | 1.5 | 3.0 | 4.5 | Ω |
| SWITCHING PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| $\text{Q}_g(10\text{V})$ | Total Gate Charge | $\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{DS}}=15\text{V}, \text{I}_{\text{D}}=20\text{A}$ | | 37 | 50 | nC |
| $\text{Q}_g(4.5\text{V})$ | Total Gate Charge | | | 16 | 22 | nC |
| Q_{gs} | Gate Source Charge | | | 3.2 | | nC |
| Q_{gd} | Gate Drain Charge | | | 5.2 | | nC |
| $t_{\text{D}(\text{on})}$ | Turn-On Delay Time | $\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{DS}}=15\text{V}, \text{R}_L=0.75\Omega, \text{R}_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$ | | 5 | | ns |
| t_r | Turn-On Rise Time | | | 3 | | ns |
| $t_{\text{D}(\text{off})}$ | Turn-Off Delay Time | | | 47.5 | | ns |
| t_f | Turn-Off Fall Time | | | 11.3 | | ns |
| t_{rr} | Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time | $\text{I}_{\text{F}}=20\text{A}, \text{dI}/\text{dt}=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ | | 16 | | ns |
| Q_{rr} | Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge | $\text{I}_{\text{F}}=20\text{A}, \text{dI}/\text{dt}=500\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ | | 23 | | nC |

A. The value of R_{qJA} is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The Power dissipation P_{DSM} is based on $\text{R}_{\text{qJA}} \leq 10\text{s}$ and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150°C . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Single pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$.

D. The R_{qJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R_{qJC} and case to ambient.

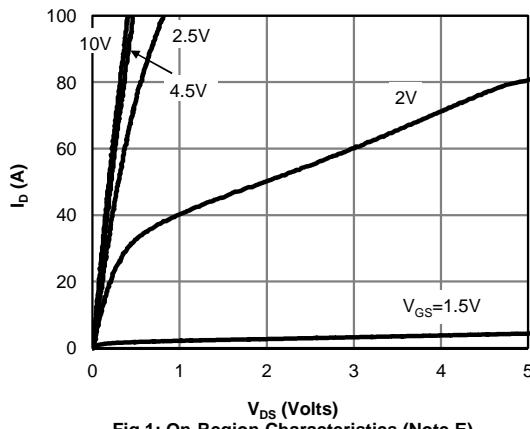
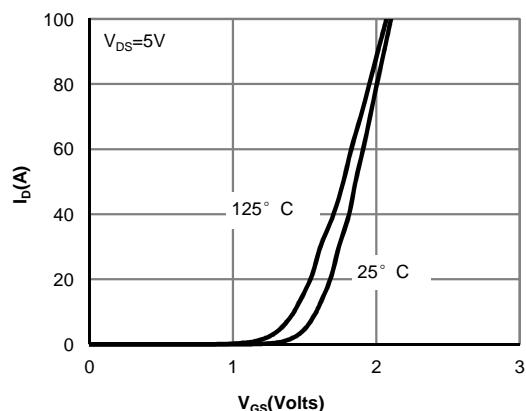
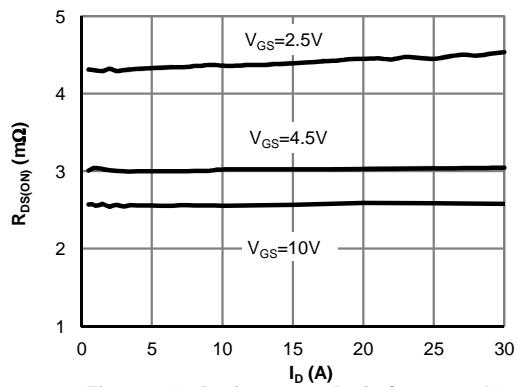
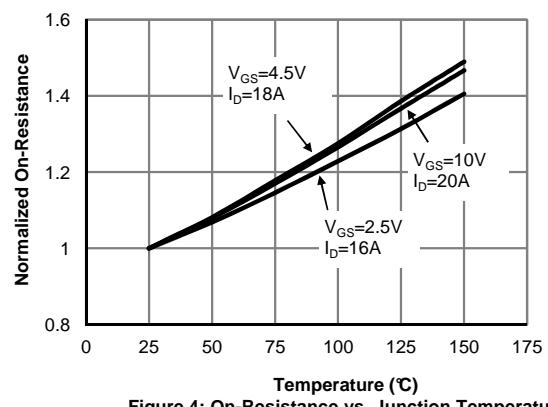
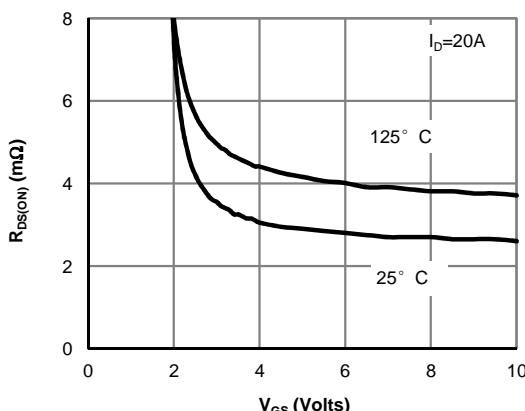
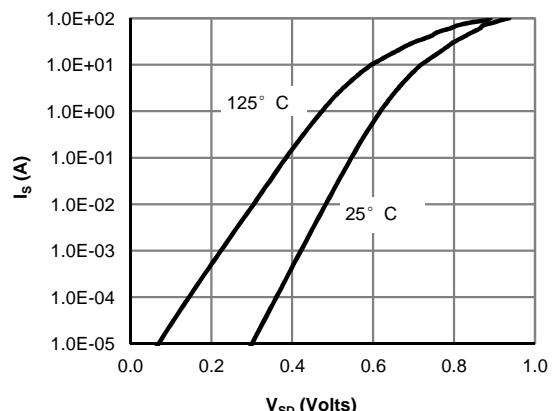
E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

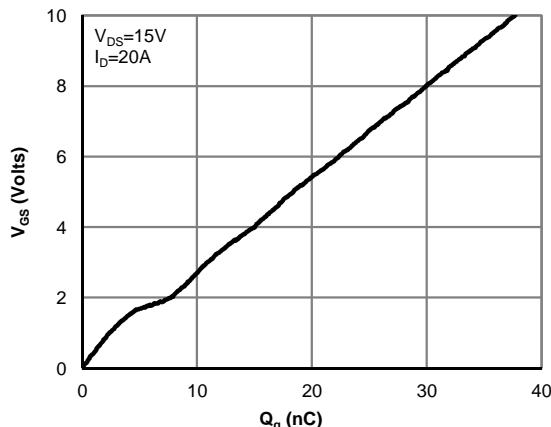
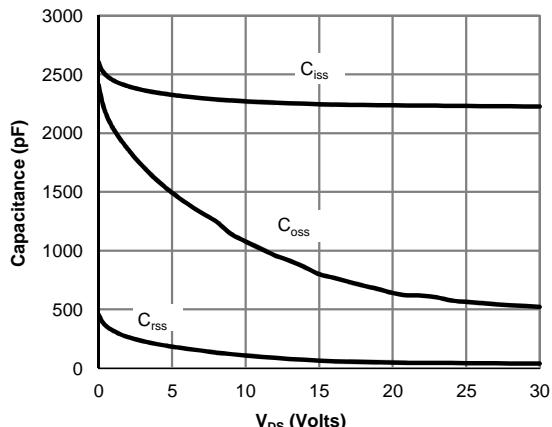
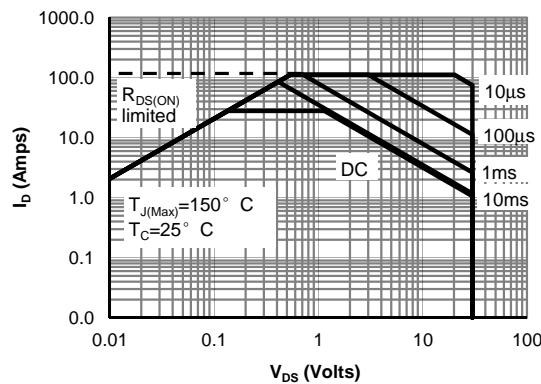
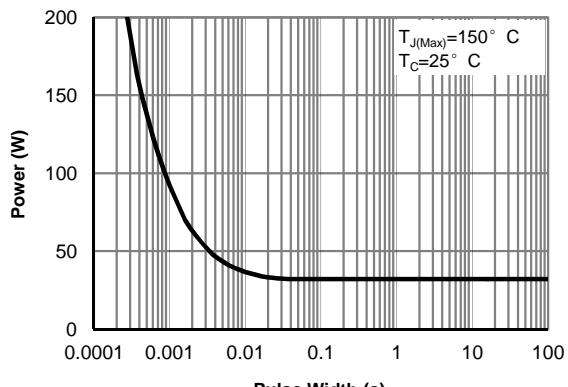
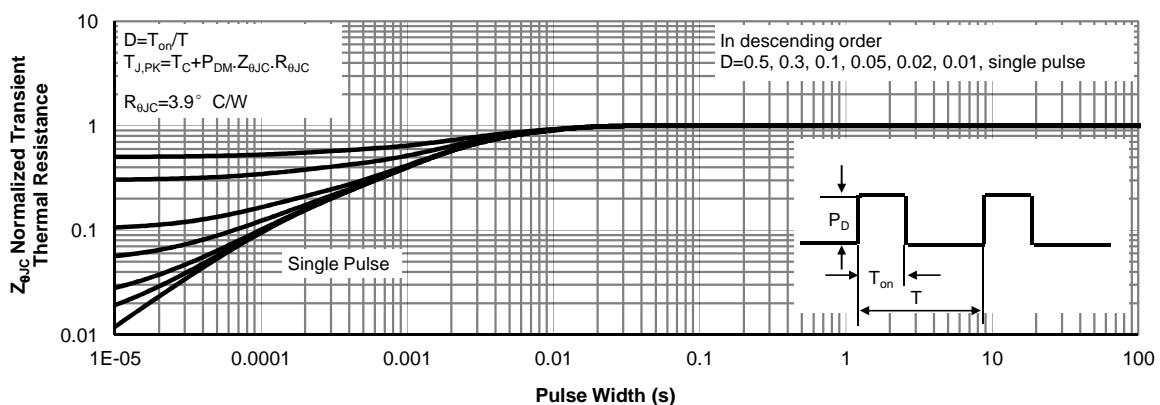
F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

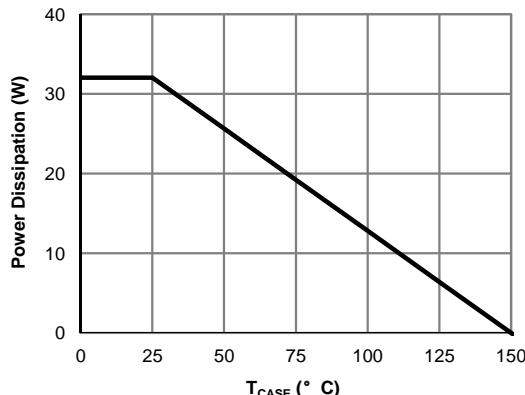
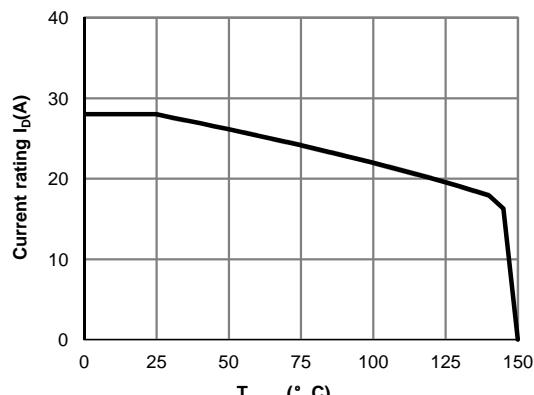
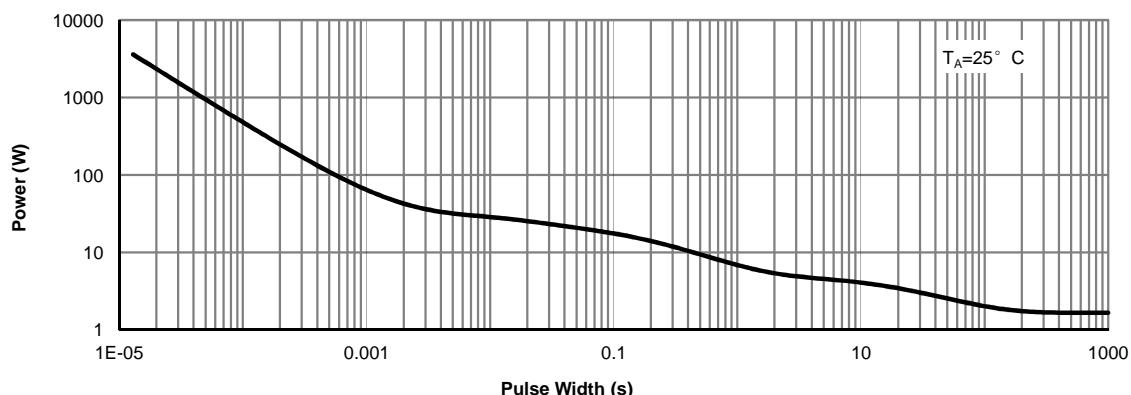
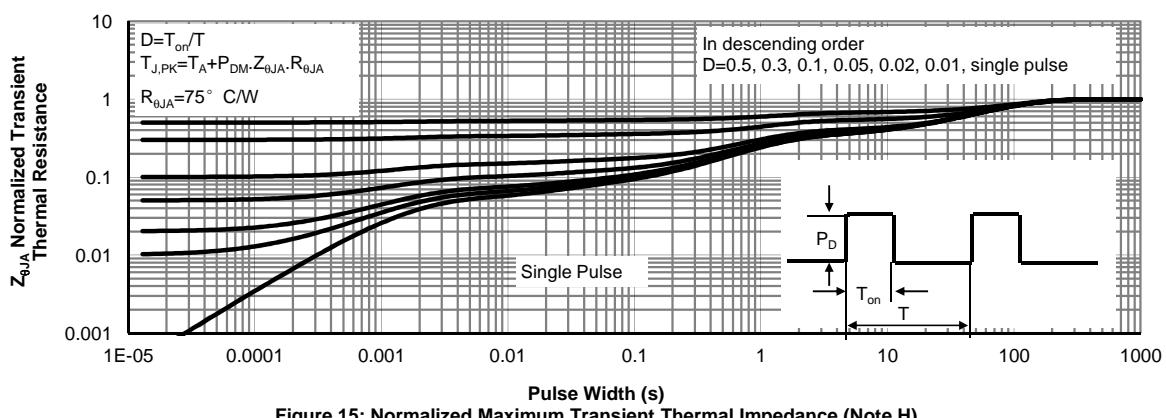
G. The maximum current rating is package limited.

H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$.

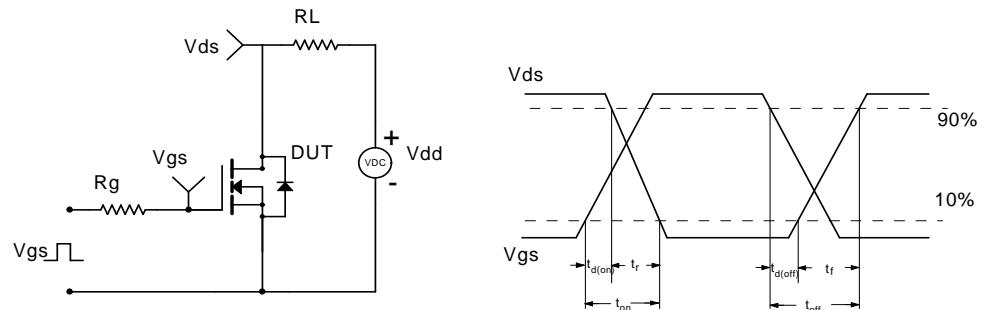
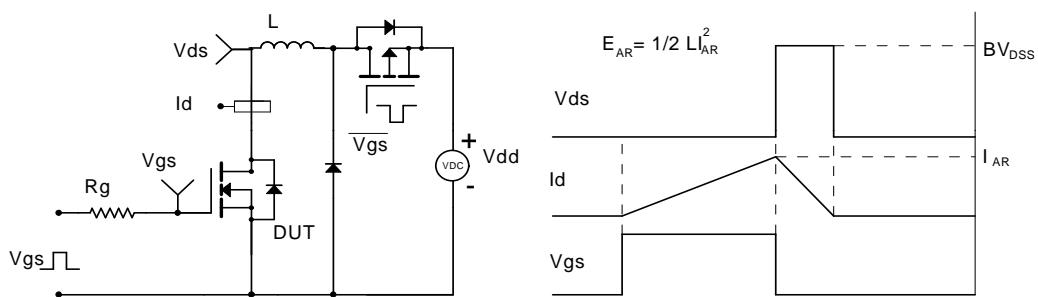
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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)

Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)

Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)

Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)

Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)

Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)

Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Case (Note F)


TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 12: Power Derating (Note F)

Figure 13: Current Derating (Note F)

Figure 14: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)

Figure 15: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)

Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform

Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms

Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms

Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms
